FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TOWN OF BRONSON BRONSON, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

TOWN OF BRONSON BRONSON, FLORIDA

TOWN COUNCIL

Franklin Schuler Mayor Beatrice Mongo Council Member

Aaron Edmondson Council Member

Berlon Weeks Vice-Mayor Jason Kennedy Council Member

TOWN CLERK

Kelli Brettel

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TOWN OF BRONSON BRONSON, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Bronson Bronson, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Bronson, Florida (the Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, and the respective budgetary comparison of the general fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated February 20, 2013, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Certified Public Accountants

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Bronson Bronson, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Concluded)

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

February 20, 2013

Purvis, Gray and Company, LLP

Gainesville, Florida

Town of Bronson, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Bronson, Florida (the Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Town of Bronson's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. Management's discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that follow:

Financial Highlights

Total assets of the Town exceeded total liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,234,162 (net assets). Of this amount, \$481,184 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The Town's total net assets decreased by \$(134,502). Governmental activities generated a decrease of \$(29,228) and business-type activities generated a decrease of \$(105,274).

As of the close of the fiscal year, the Town's General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$635,132.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Town has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) for State and Local Governments. This statement requires governmental entities to report finances in accordance with specific guidelines. Among those guidelines are the components of this section dealing with management's discussion and analysis which should provide a clear and concise description of the reporting entity and its mission, activities, program and financial performance, systems, controls, legal compliance, financial position, and financial condition. The MD&A should provide a balanced presentation that includes both positive and negative information about these topics. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are comprised of two separate financial statements that present an overall picture of the Town's financial position and results of operations: a statement of net assets, and a statement of activities.

- The Statement of Net Assets focuses on resources available for future operations. The Town reports two types of activities, governmental and business type. This statement shows the assets the Town owns, the liabilities it owes, and the net difference shown as net assets. Increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statement of Activities focuses gross and net costs of the Town's programs and the extent to which such programs rely upon program revenues and general revenues. It shows the extent to which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government services, public safety, streets and roads, recreation, and health and welfare. Property taxes, utility service taxes, gas taxes, and sales taxes, along with the Town's charges for services and inter-fund charges, finance the majority of these services. Business-type activities are funded by the fees the Town charges for services rendered. The Town's water and sewer systems are reported as business-type activities.

Town of Bronson, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements present financial information for the Town's two major funds the General Fund and Proprietary Fund. These individual funds have been established by the Town for the purpose of grouping related accounts to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific purposes or objectives to account for revenues that are restricted to certain uses, or to comply with legal requirements. These fund statements follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements.

- The General Fund presents the Town's basic services, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. This fund is reported using the modified accrual accounting method. General Fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs.
- The Proprietary Fund is used to account for activities and services which the Town provides. The Town's one proprietary fund accounts for the water and wastewater operations. It also is reported using the accrual accounting method.

The Town adopts an annual budget for both its General Fund and its Proprietary Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

Notes to financial statements provide additional information concerning the Town's finances that are not otherwise disclosed in the government-wide statements or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,234,162 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Town of Bronson's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total Government				
	F	Y 2012		FY 2011	FY 2012		FY 2011		FY 2012		FY 2011	
Assets												
Current Assets	\$	668,760	\$	654,620	\$	(26,513)	\$	(27,853)	\$	642,247	\$	626,767
Restricted Assets		0		0		14,924		27,612		14,924		27,612
Capital Assets		1,406,285		1,461,221		2,360,370		2,360,181		3,766,655		3,821,402
Total Assets		2,075,045		2,115,841		2,348,781		2,359,940		4,423,826		4,475,781
Liabilities												
Current Liabilities		40,601		45,642		124,844		18,286		165,445		63,928
Non-current liabilities		9,357		15,884		14,862		27,305		24,219		43,189
Total Liabilities		49,958		61,526		139,706		45,591		189,664		107,117
Net Assets												
Invested in Capital Assets		1,392,608		1,440,911		2,360,370		2,360,181		3,752,978		3,801,092
Unrestricted		632,479		613,404		(151,295)		(45,832)		481,184		567,572
Total Net Assets	\$	2,025,087	\$	2,054,315	\$	2,209,075	\$	2,314,349	\$	4,234,162	\$	4,368,664

Town of Bronson, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The largest portion of the Town's net assets of \$3,752,978 reflects its investment in capital assets which is comprised of land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens and consequently is not available for future spending.

The unrestricted net asset balance of \$481,184 is intended to be a corporate style measurement of the Town's current financial standing and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net assets. The decrease in Business-type net assets is due primarily to the inability of these operations to fully fund depreciation.

Town of Bronson's Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Go	vernment	
	FY2012	FY 2011	FY2012	FY 2011	FY2012	FY 2011	
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges For Services	\$ 248,971	\$ 247,190	\$ 243,161	\$ 221,296	\$ 492,132	\$ 468,486	
Operating Grants and							
Contributions	389,263	107,187	0	0	389,263	107,187	
Capital Grants and							
Contributions	0	57,205	0	0	0	57,205	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	119,116	117,318	0	0	119,116	117,318	
Franchise and Utility Taxes	104,730	109,843	0	0	104,730	109,843	
Discretionary and Half Cent							
Sales Tax	114,470	103,022	0	0	114,470	103,022	
Other State Revenues	52,011	68,612	0	0	52,011	68,612	
Investment Earnings	250	568	0	0	250	568	
Miscellaneous	7,442	15,573	0	0	7,442	15,573	
Total Revenues	1,036,253	826,518	243,161	221,296	1,279,414	1,047,814	
Expenses							
General Government	328,000	411,108	0	0	328,000	411,108	
Public Safety	147,641	139,616	0	0	147,641	139,616	
Physical Environment	134,730	132,751	0	0	134,730	132,751	
Transportation	45,525	45,333	0	0	45,525	45,333	
Human Services	4,140	3,660	0	0	4,140	3,660	
Culture and Recreation	47,904	51,642	0	0	47,904	51,642	
Economic Environment	356,676	4,090	0	0	356,676	4,090	
Interest on Debt	865	1,188	0	0	865	1,188	
Water and Sewer Utility	0	0	348,435	368,017	348,435	368,017	
Total Expenses	1,065,481	789,388	348,435	368,017	1,413,916	1,157,405	
Change in Net Assets	(29,228)	37,130	(105,274)	(146,721)	(134,502)	(109,591)	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	2,054,315	2,017,185	2,314,349	2,461,070	4,368,664	4,478,255	
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 2,025,087	\$ 2,054,315	\$ 2,209,075	\$ 2,314,349	\$ 4,234,162	\$ 4,368,664	

Town of Bronson, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Governmental Activities:

Governmental activities decreased the Town's net assets by \$(29,228) during the current fiscal year compared to a \$37,130 increase during fiscal year 2011. Revenues for the Town's governmental activities had an increase of \$209,735 during fiscal year 2012, while total expenses increased \$276,093 for the fiscal year 2012. Elements of the changes in revenues and expenses include:

Revenue:

- Charges for Services Increased \$1,781
- Operating and Capital Grants Increased \$224,871
- Property Taxes increased \$1,798
- Discretionary and Half Cent Sales Tax Increased \$11,448
- Franchise and Utility Taxes decreased \$5,113
- Other Revenues Decreased \$25,050

Expenses:

- General Government decreased \$83,108
- Public Safety increased \$8,025
- Transportation increased \$192
- Human Services increased \$480
- Culture and Recreation decreased \$3,738

Business-type Activities:

Business-type activities decreased the Town's net assets by \$(105,274) for fiscal year 2012 compared to a decrease of \$146,721 for fiscal year 2011. Revenues for the Town's business-type activities increased by \$21,865, while total expenses decreased by \$(19,582) for the fiscal year 2012. Elements of the changes in revenues and expenses include:

Revenue:

• Charges for Services increased \$21,865

Expenses:

• Water and Sewer decreased \$19,582

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2012, the Town had \$3,766,655 invested in capital assets, including fire equipment, park and recreation facilities, buildings, roads, and water and sewer facilities.

Town of Bronson, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis (Concluded)

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	ment Activities			Business-type Activities				Total Government			
	FY2012		FY2011		FY2012		FY2011		FY2012		FY2011	
Assets												
Land	\$ 340,096	\$	340,096	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	341,096	\$	341,096	
Construction in Process	0		0		116,600		0		116,600		0	
Buildings and Building												
Improvements	570,827		574,941		0		0		570,827		574,941	
Recreation Park Property	248,855		268,203		0		0		248,855		268,203	
Vehicles	106,271		125,442		7,178		9,571		113,449		135,013	
Furniture and Equipment	51,724		66,946		11,975		17,462		63,699		84,408	
Streets and Roads	88,512		85,593		0		0		88,512		85,593	
Water System	0		0		750,796		826,538		750,796		826,538	
Sewer System	0		0		1,472,821		1,505,610		1,472,821		1,505,610	
Totals	\$ 1,406,285	\$	1,461,221	\$	2,360,370	\$	2,360,181	\$	3,766,655	\$	3,821,402	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Outstanding

At year-end, the Town had \$17,135 in debt outstanding. Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Rates

- The current unemployment rate for Levy County is 8.8% compared to the State unemployment rate of 8.0% at September 2012.
- The estimated population for the Town in 2000 was 964 and as of the 2011 census count the population was 1,100 which is an increase of 12.3%.
- The Town's ad valorem tax rate for 2011 was 3.44 mills which was 3.77% less than the rolled back rate.
- Property tax assessed values for 2012 increased by \$432,826 to a total assessed value of \$35,524,172.

Financial Contact

The Town's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors) with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the Town Clerk at P.O. Box 266, Bronson, FL 32621.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 TOWN OF BRONSON, FLORIDA

	Primary Government					
		ernmental	Bu	siness-type		
	A	ctivities		Activities		Total
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash	\$	396,264	\$	154,976	\$	551,240
Accounts Receivable		3,334		26,469		29,803
Due from Other Governments		52,661		0		52,661
Internal Balances		216,501		(216,501)		0
Inventory		0		8,543		8,543
Total Current Assets		668,760		(26,513)		642,247
Restricted Assets		0		14.024		14.024
Cash	-	0		14,924		14,924
Capital Assets						
Land		340,096		0		340,096
Buildings and Building Improvements		865,962		0		865,962
Recreation Park Property		455,202		0		455,202
Vehicles		687,710		0		687,710
Furniture and Equipment		304,344		0		304,344
Streets and Roads		400,721		0		400,721
(Accumulated Depreciation)		(1,647,750)		0		(1,647,750)
Water Plant, Net		0		763,771		763,771
Sewer Plant, Net		0		1,589,421		1,589,421
Vehicles, Net		0		7,178		7,178
Total Capital Assets		1,406,285		2,360,370		3,766,655
Total Assets		2,075,045		2,348,781		4,423,826
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		30,460		124,039		154,499
Deferred Revenue		3,168		0		3,168
Accrued Compensated Absences		0		805		805
Notes Payable		6,973		0		6,973
Total Current Liabilities		40,601		124,844		165,445
Payable from Restricted Assets						
Customer Deposits		0		14,862		14,862
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Notes Payable, Long-term		6,704		0		6,704
Accrued Compensated Absences		2,653		0		2,653
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		9,357		0		9,357
Total Liabilities		49,958		139,706		189,664
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		1,392,608		2,360,370		3,752,978
Unrestricted (Deficit)		632,479		(151,295)		481,184
Total Net Assets	\$	2,025,087	\$	2,209,075	\$	4,234,162

See accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 TOWN OF BRONSON, FLORIDA

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues Changes in Net Assets Operating** Capital **Grants and** Governmental Charges for Grants and **Business-type Functions/Programs** Services Contributions Contributions **Activities Activities** Total Expenses **Governmental Activities** General Government \$ \$ 15,044 \$ \$ \$ 328,000 0 0 (312,956) \$ 0 (312,956)97,389 0 0 (50,252)**Public Safety** 147,641 (50,252)Physical Environment 134,730 133,383 0 0 (1,347)(1,347)0 Transportation 45,525 32,587 0 (12,938)0 (12,938)0 **Economic Environment** 356,676 356,676 0 0 0 0 **Human Services** 0 0 0 4,140 0 (4,140)(4,140)Culture and Recreation 47,904 3.155 0 0 0 (44,749)(44,749)Interest on Long-term Debt 865 0 0 (865)0 (865)389,263 **Total Governmental Activities** 1,065,481 248,971 0 (427,247)0 (427,247)**Business-type Activities** Water and Sewer Utility 243,161 0 0 348,435 0 (105,274)(105,274)389,263 **Total Primary Government** (427,247)1,413,916 \$ 492,132 \$ (105,274)(532,521)General Revenues Taxes: **Property Taxes** 119,116 0 119,116 Franchise and Utility Taxes 104,730 0 104,730 Discretionary and Half-cent Sales Tax 114,470 0 114,470 Other State Revenues 52,011 0 52,011 **Investment Earnings** 250 0 250 Miscellaneous 7,442 0 7,442 **Total General Revenues** 398,019 0 398,019 (105,274)(134,502)**Change in Net Assets** (29,228)2,054,315 Net Assets, Beginning of Year 2,314,349 4,368,664 Net Assets, End of Year 2,025,087 2,209,075 4,234,162

See accompanying notes.

BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 TOWN OF BRONSON, FLORIDA

Assets	
Cash	\$ 396,264
Accounts Receivable	3,334
Due from Other Governments	52,661
Due from Other Fund Advances to Other Fund	11,116
Advances to Other Fund	 205,385
Total Assets	 668,760
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	30,460
Deferred Revenue	 3,168
Total Liabilities	 33,628
Fund Balances	
Nonspendable:	
Advance to Other Fund	205,385
Unassigned	429,747
Total Fund Balance	635,132
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 668,760
Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 635,132
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the general fund.	1,406,285
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the general fund.	(16,330)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ 2,025,087

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 TOWN OF BRONSON, FLORIDA

Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 261,830
Licenses and Permits	85,119
Intergovernmental Revenue	447,558
Charges for Services	235,274
Fines and Forfeitures	1,420
Miscellaneous Revenues	 5,052
Total Revenues	 1,036,253
Expenditures	
Current:	
General Government	294,882
Public Safety	99,517
Physical Environment	134,730
Transportation	38,596
Economic Environment	356,676
Human Services	4,140
Culture and Recreation	28,557
Capital Outlay	52,136
Debt Service:	6 600
Principal	6,633
Interest	 865
(Total Expenditures)	(1,016,732)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	19,521
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	615,611
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 635,132
Net Change in Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 19,521
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
The general fund reports capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, capital outlays are recorded as assets. This is the amount of capital outlay purchases in the current period.	52,136
The general fund does not report depreciation expenses on capital assets. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as "depreciation expense". This is the amount of depreciation expense in the current period.	(107,072)
Increases in compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the general fund:	
Increase in Compensated Absences	(446)
Repayment of principal on debt is an expenditure in the general fund, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets:	
Repayment of Principal on Long-term Debt	6,633
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (29,228)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 TOWN OF BRONSON, FLORIDA

	Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Fin	iance With al Budget Positive
)riginal		Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 263,781	\$	263,781	\$ 261,830	\$	(1,951)
Licenses and Permits	87,384		87,384	85,119		(2,265)
Intergovernmental Revenue	710,930		710,930	447,558		(263,372)
Charges for Services	239,741		239,741	235,274		(4,467)
Fines and Forfeitures	1,920		1,920	1,420		(500)
Miscellaneous Revenues	 5,908		5,908	5,052		(856)
Total Revenues	 1,309,664		1,309,664	1,036,253		(273,411)
Expenditures						
General Government	453,150		445,165	320,605		124,560
Public Safety	183,529		194,429	102,582		91,847
Physical Environment	155,200		144,200	134,730		9,470
Transportation	172,000		172,000	61,944		110,056
Economic Environment	551,500		557,220	356,676		200,544
Human Services	3,500		4,068	4,140		(72)
Culture and Recreation	151,785		146,677	28,557		118,120
Debt Service:						
Principal	0		6,100	6,633		(533)
Interest	 0		805	865		(60)
(Total Expenditures)	(1,670,664)		(1,670,664)	(1,016,732)		653,932
Excess of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	(361,000)		(361,000)	19,521		380,521
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 361,000		361,000	 615,611		254,611
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 635,132	\$	635,132

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 TOWN OF BRONSON, FLORIDA

Assets

Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 154,976
Accounts Receivable	26,469
Inventory	8,543
Total Current Assets	189,988
Restricted Assets	
Cash	14,924
Cush	
Capital Assets	
Water Plant, Net	763,771
Sewer Plant, Net	1,589,421
Vehicles, Net	7,178_
Total Capital Assets	2,360,370
Total Assets	2,565,282
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	124,039
Accrued Compensated Absences	805
Due to Other Fund	11,116
Total Current Liabilities	135,960
Payable from Restricted Assets	
Customer Deposits	14,862
•	
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Advances from Other Fund	205,385
Total Liabilities	356,207
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,360,370
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(151,295)
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,209,075

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 TOWN OF BRONSON, FLORIDA

Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 226,453
Other Revenues	 16,708
Total Operating Revenues	 243,161
Operating Expenses	
Personal Services	84,655
Materials, Supplies and Other Expenses	112,037
Depreciation and Amortization	 151,743
(Total Operating Expenses)	 (348,435)
Operating (Loss)	 (105,274)
Change in Net Assets	(105,274)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	 2,314,349
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 2,209,075

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 TOWN OF BRONSON, FLORIDA

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash Received from Customers	\$	214,009
Cash Paid to Employees		(89,943)
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(60,083)
Other Receipts		16,708
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		80,691
Net Cash (Used in) Capital and Related		
Financing Activities		
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(35,332)
Net Increase in Cash		45,359
Cash, Beginning of Year		124,541
Cash, End of Year	\$	169,900
Reported as	¢	154.076
Cash	\$	154,976
Restricted Assets - Cash Total	\$	14,924 169,900
Total	Ψ	109,900
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating (Loss)	\$	(105,274)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to Net		
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		151,743
Increase in Inventory		(298)
(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(4,754)
(Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(5,288)
Increase in Due to Other Fund		498
Increase in Advances (from) Other Fund		56,507
(Decrease) in Customer Deposits		(12,443)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	80,691
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities		
Construction in Progress	\$	(116,600)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Bronson, Florida (the Town), conform to generally accepted accounting principles for governmental entities. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The Town is a Florida municipality governed by an elected five-member Town Council. The Town provides services to its citizens including water service, refuse collection, parks and recreation, streets, public safety, and other general governmental activities.

The reporting entity for the Town (the primary government) contained no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Town Council has financial accountability. Financial accountability is present if the Town Council appoints a voting majority of a component unit's governing body and has the ability to impose its will on that organization or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the Town.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational and capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The Town reports one governmental fund, the general fund as a major fund. The general fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all resources traditionally associated with governments, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Town reports one proprietary fund, the water and sewer fund as a major fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the Town's water and sewer utilities.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Concluded)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this period, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

The principal operating revenues of the Town's proprietary fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the proprietary fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

Proprietary Activities

For proprietary activities, the Town applies all applicable GASB pronouncements. Additionally, the Town applies pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and its predecessor bodies, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, the Town has elected not to apply all FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

Fund Balance Classifications

The Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54) as required. The purpose of GASB 54 is to improve the consistency and usefulness of fund balance information to the financial statement user. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the organization is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

- Nonspendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and advances to other funds. On the general fund balance sheet, the advances to other fund balance reported is offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification which indicates it does not constitute "available spendable resources" even though it is a component of net current assets.
- **Restricted**—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained either (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance Classifications (Concluded)

- Committed—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., ordinance or resolution) of the organization's governing authority (the Town Council). These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (e.g., ordinance or resolution) employed to constrain those amounts.
- **Assigned**—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-than-formal action of the organization's governing authority, or by an individual or body to whom the governing authority has delegated this responsibility.
- Unassigned—This classification is used for (a) deficit unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund, or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include cash held in checking accounts.

Receivables

Customer accounts receivable are recorded at their net realizable value and reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$407.

Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Encumbrances

The Town does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

Capital Assets

Governmental fund capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets and roads). Capital assets used in governmental fund-type operations are reported in the statement of net assets rather than in the general fund balance sheet. All purchased capital assets are valued at historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized. These capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets (Concluded)

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	10-30
Vehicles	7-10
Furniture and Equipment	3-10
Streets and Roads	10

Proprietary fund capital expenditures made for revenue-producing assets, which are employed in operations that are accounted for in the proprietary fund, are capitalized at historical costs and depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Water Plant	25-30 Years
Equipment	10-18 Years
Sewer Plant	30 Years

Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of contribution.

Capitalized Interest During Construction

No interest was capitalized during 2012.

Compensated Absences

The Town's leave policy allows for accumulation of up to 240 hours of unused vacation leave and an unlimited amount of unused sick leave. All vacation leave accumulated and 25% of any sick leave accumulated by employees with three or more years of service is payable upon termination of employment. A liability for accrued compensated absences of employees of the general fund has been accrued and reported in the statement of net assets. A liability for accrued compensated absences for employees of the water and sewer fund has been accrued in the proprietary fund.

Revenue Recognition

Utility revenues are recorded when received and adjusted to the accrual basis for financial reporting. Restricted grant revenues, which are received but not expended, are recorded as deferred revenues. Grant revenues receivable are recorded when reimbursable expenditures on those grants have been incurred but not reimbursed.

Budgeting

The Town's procedures in preparing and adopting the annual budget are as follows:

- The Town Clerk is responsible for preparing a proposed operating budget for the upcoming year prior to September 30 that includes estimated revenues, proposed expenditures, and other financing sources and uses.
- Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments and suggestions. The budget is enacted through passage of an ordinance.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Budgeting (Concluded)

■ Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year. The general fund budget presented was based upon the final amended budget. Budget appropriations may not be legally exceeded on a total fund basis.

Property Taxes

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of the state regulating tax assessment are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. Florida Statutes permit cities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills for general operations. The tax levy rate for the tax year ended September 30, 2012, was 3.44 mills.

The tax levy of the Town is established by the Town Council prior to October 1 of each year, and the County Property Appraiser incorporates the Town millages into the total tax levy, which includes the County, various other municipalities and County School Board tax requirements.

All property is reassessed according to its fair market value January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the Executive Director of the Florida Department of Revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of Florida Statutes.

All taxes are levied on November 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter, as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the County Tax Collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January, and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are without discount.

On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, tax certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property. After sale, tax certificates bear interest of 18% per year or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years. Unsold tax certificates are estimated to be immaterial.

Delinquent taxes on personal property bear interest of 18% per year until the tax is satisfied either by seizure and sale of the property or by the five-year statute of limitations.

The Town does not accrue its portion of the County-held tax sale certificates or personal property tax warrants because such amounts are estimated to be immaterial.

Franchise Fees

Continuing franchise fees are reported as revenues as the fees are earned and become receivable from the franchisee.

(Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Concluded)

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Town has numerous transactions between funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "Due From Other Fund", "Due To Other Fund", "Advance to Other Fund", and "Advance from Other Fund" in the accompanying financial statements. These transactions are netted on the government-wide financial statements.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue may arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, such as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualified expenditures. In the subsequent period, when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the financial statement and revenue is recognized.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Note 2 - Cash and Time Deposits

Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes requires, in general, that all public deposits (including those of the Town) be made in qualified public depositories within the State of Florida. The Town's deposits are considered 100% insured for risk disclosure purposes.

Florida Statutes authorize the Town to invest in the following:

- Direct Obligations of, or Obligations Guaranteed by, the U.S. Government
- Interest-Bearing Time Deposits or Savings Accounts in Qualified Institutions
- Obligations of the Federal Farm Credit Banks
- Obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association
- The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund

Presently, all investments are limited to time deposits.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$566,164 and the bank balances totaled \$603,688. These deposits were held at two banks and included checking, savings, and a certificate of deposit. All cash and time deposits are fully insured.

(Continued)

Note 3 - Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

A summary of capital assets in the governmental fund at September 30, 2012 is as follows:

		ginning	A 1120		(D. L.)		Ending		
Carital Assata Nat Daine	<u></u>	<u>alance</u>	<u>Additions</u>		(Deletions)			Balance_	
Capital Assets Not Being									
Depreciated:	_		_		_		_		
Land	\$	340,096	\$	0	\$	0	\$	340,096	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:									
Buildings and Building									
Improvements		843,102		22,860		0		865,962	
Recreation Park Property		455,202		0		0		455,202	
Vehicles		674,210		13,500		0		687,710	
Furniture and Equipment		298,416		5,928		0		304,344	
Streets and Roads		390,873		9,848		0		400,721	
Total Capital Assets Being									
Depreciated		2,661,803		52,136		0		2,713,939	
Less Accumulated Depreciated for:									
Buildings and Building									
Improvements		(268,161)		(26,974)		0		(295,135)	
Recreation Park Property		(186,999)		(19,348)		0		(206,347)	
Vehicles		(548,768)		(32,671)		0		(581,439)	
Furniture and Equipment		(231,470)		(21,150)		0		(252,620)	
Streets and Roads		(305,280)		(6,929)		0		(312,209)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(,540,678)		(107,072)	·	0		(1,647,750)	
Total Being Depreciated, Net		1,121,125		(54,936)		0		1,066,189	
Governmental Activities Capital								· —	
Assets, Net	\$	1,461,221	\$	(54,936)	\$	0	\$	1,406,285	

Depreciation expense on governmental fund capital assets charged to functions/programs were as follows:

General Government	\$ 32,672
Public Safety	48,124
Transportation	6,929
Culture and Recreation	 19,347
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 107,072

Business -type Activities

A summary of capital assets in the proprietary fund at September 30, 2012, is as follows:

(Continued)

Note 3 - Capital Assets (Concluded)

Business -type Activities (Concluded)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	(Deletions)	Ending Balance		
Capital Assets Not Being						
Depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,000		
Construction in Progress	0	116,600	0	116,600		
Total Capital Assets Not Being						
Depreciated	1,000	116,600	0	117,600		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Water System	2,234,404	0	0	2,234,404		
Equipment	87,898	0	0	87,898		
Sewer System	1,980,229	35,332	0	2,015,561		
Vehicles	16,750	0	0	16,750		
Total Capital Assets Being						
Depreciated	4,319,281	35,332	0	4,354,613		
Less Accumulated Depreciated for:						
Water System	(1,407,866)	(75,742)	0	(1,483,608)		
Equipment	(70,436)	(5,487)	0	(75,923)		
Sewer System	(474,619)	(68,121)	0	(542,740)		
Vehicles	(7,179)	(2,393)	0	(9,572)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,960,100)	(151,743)	0	(2,111,843)		
Total Being Depreciated, Net	2,359,181	(116,411)	0	2,242,770		
Business-type Activities Capital						
Assets, Net	<u>\$ 2,360,181</u>	<u>\$ 189</u>	<u>\$</u> 0	<u>\$ 2,360,370</u>		

Note 4 - Deferred Compensation Plan

Effective October 1, 1998, the Town discontinued its defined benefit pension plan and adopted a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 457. The employee balances in the former plan were transferred into annuity accounts for the individual members under the Section 457 plan. Contributions to the plan by the Town for the benefit of the participants is discretionary and decided on a year-by-year basis. The Town did not make a contribution to the plan during fiscal year 2012.

Note 5 - Long-term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

	Oc	talance tober 1, 2011	Ac	<u>lditions</u>	<u>(De</u>	eletions)	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2012	V	Due Vithin ne Year
Governmental Activities										
Note Payable to Jack Hancock; Due										
in Monthly Payments of \$687,										
Commencing February 2000,										
Including Interest at a Rate of										
10.00%; Secured by Land	\$	20,310	\$	0	\$	(6,633)	\$	13,677	\$	6,973
Accrued Compensated Absences		2,207		446		0		2,653		0
Total Governmental Activities	\$	22,517	\$	446	\$	(6,633)	\$	16,330	\$	6,973

(Continued)

Note 5 - Long-term Debt (Concluded)

Interest expense during 2012 on long-term liabilities totaled \$865, none of which was capitalized.

Maturities of Long-term Debt

Maturities of long-term debt for years ending September 30 are as follows:

						Debt
Year	<u> </u>	incipal	Int	terest	S	Service
2013	\$	6,973	\$	526	\$	7,499
2014		6,704		169		6,873
Compensated Absences		2,653		0		2,653
Total	\$	16,330	\$	695	\$	17,025

Tatal

Inasmuch as records kept for compensated absences relate only to hours earned, used, and available, the effect of changes in individual employee compensation rates and gross additions and deletions to the reported values of the liability for compensated absences cannot be reasonably determined. Accordingly, only the net change in the accumulated value of compensated absences is shown for the current fiscal year.

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. Insurance against losses are provided through the Florida League of Cities, Inc. for the following types of risk:

- Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability
- General and Automobile Liability
- Real and Personal Property Damage
- Public Officials' Liability
- Accidental Death and Dismemberment

The Town's coverage for workers' compensation is under a retroactively rated policy. Premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost to-date of the Town's experience for this type of risk. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the last three years.

Note 7 - Other Disclosures

Interfund Receivable and Payable Balances are as follows:

	nterfund eceivables	Interfund <u>Payables</u>		
General Fund	\$ 11,116	\$	0	
General Fund	205,385		0	
Water Fund	0		11,116	
Water Fund	 0		205,385	
Total	\$ 216,501	\$	216,501	

(Concluded)

Note 8 - United States Department of Agriculture Funding

The Town received a letter dated September 22, 2011, from the United States Department of Agriculture that approved a water and wastewater loan of \$1,596,000 and a water and wastewater grant of \$1,269,600 regarding a wastewater system expansion project. This loan and grant agreement is subject to various conditions the Town must meet in order to obtain final approval to draw down these funds.

The Town incurred engineering costs of \$116,600 as of September 30, 2012, which is reported as construction in progress and is related to this wastewater expansion project. These engineering costs will be paid in the future once financing has been obtained for the project.

ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS OF REPORT PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, ISSUED BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES; AND THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Bronson Bronson, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Bronson, Florida (the Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be *significant deficiencies* or *material weaknesses* and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described below to be a material weakness:

Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 141270 • 222 N.E. 1st Street • Gainesville, Florida 32614-1270 • (352) 378-2461 • FAX (352) 378-2505

Laurel Ridge Professional Center • 2347 S.E. 17th Street • Ocala, Florida 34471 • (352) 732-3872 • FAX (352) 732-0542

443 East College Avenue • Tallahassee, Florida 32301 • (850) 224-7144 • FAX (850) 224-1762

5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd. N., Suite 101 • Sarasota, Florida 34240 • (941) 907-0350 • FAX (941) 907-0309

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MEMBER OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS PRIVATE COMPANIES AND S.E.C. PRACTICE SECTIONS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Bronson Bronson, Florida

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Concluded)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Concluded)

2009-1

■ Segregation of Duties

Condition—Separation of certain accounting and administrative duties among employees, which was recommended as an effective internal control procedure was not considered possible because of the limited number of employees. We point this out to make the Town aware that separation of duties is desirable.

Criteria—Separation of incompatible duties provides increased assurance that errors or irregularities will not go undetected for long periods of time.

Effect—Lack of proper separation of incompatible duties could result in errors and irregularities that go undetected for extended periods of time.

Recommendation—We recommend that incompatible duties be separated among employees where it is feasible to do so.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the Town in a separate letter dated February 20, 2013.

The Town's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying management response. We did not audit the Town's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town Council, management, and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 20, 2013 Gainesville, Florida

Purvis, Gray and Company, LLP



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Bronson Bronson, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Bronson, Florida (the Town), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2013.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have issued our report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with government auditing standards. Disclosures in that report, which is dated February 20, 2013, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida. This letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditors' reports:

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report except as noted below under the heading Prior Year Findings and Recommendations.

Prior Year Findings and Recommendations

ML 2009-1

■ Fixed Asset Inventory

Condition—The Town did not perform an annual physical inventory of its tangible property during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

Recommendation—We recommend that complete physical inventory of all tangible property be conducted each year.

This finding was also reported in the fiscal years 2011, 2010, and 2009 management letters.

Certified Public Accountants

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Bronson Bronson, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

(Continued)

Prior Year Findings and Recommendations (Concluded)

ML 2009-3

■ Written Policies

Condition—The Town does not currently have detailed written policies and procedures covering areas such as: purchasing, utility billing and collection, travel, capital assets, inventory control and vehicles assigned to employees.

Recommendation—We recommend the Town develop written policies and procedures, which document the above significant activities. Written policies and procedures provide the Town with additional assurance that transactions are properly executed and recorded in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

This finding was also reported in the fiscal years 2011, 2010, and 2009 management letters.

ML 2009-4

■ Water and Sewer Fund

Condition—The Town's water and sewer fund has not been able to operate self-sufficiently under the current rate structure. The water and sewer fund has recorded operating losses for the last several years. This fund has an unrestricted deficit of (\$151,295) at September 30, 2012.

Recommendation—We recommend the Town review the current water and sewer rates to determine if these rates should be increased to eliminate future operating losses.

This finding was also reported in the fiscal years 2011, 2010, and 2009 management letters.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires our audit to include a review of the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve the Town's financial management. In connection with our audit, we have the following recommendation:

ML 2012-1

■ Software for Water and Sewer Billings

Condition—The current software used for water, sewer and garbage billings does not provide adequate reports to identify billing adjustments or provide a detailed aging report of accounts receivable balances.

Recommendation—We recommend the Town consider the purchase of new software for water, sewer and garbage billings that provides monthly detailed reports of accounts receivable and identifies all billing adjustments and write offs of account balances.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Bronson Bronson, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER (Concluded)

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, fraud, illegal acts, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.554(1)(i)5., Rules of the Auditor General, provides that the auditor may, based upon professional judgment, report the following matters that have an inconsequential effect on financial statements, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors: (1) violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, fraud, illegal acts, or abuse, and (2) deficiencies in internal control that are not significant deficiencies. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.554(1)(i)6., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Town was established in 1850, under a Charter in accordance with Laws of Florida 6732. There were no component units related to the Town.

Section 10.554(1)(i)7.(a)., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires a statement be included as to whether or not the local governmental entity has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town did not meet any of the conditions described by Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Section 10.554(1)(i)7.(b)., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether the annual financial report for the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)7.c. and 10.556(7)., Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 20, 2013 Gainesville, Florida

Purvis, Gray and Company, LLP

Town of Bronson

P.O. Box 266 Bronson, FL 32621 352-486-2354

Corrective Action Plan & Management Response Town of Bronson

In regards to the findings referenced in our 9/30/2012 audit conducted by the firm of Purvis, Gray & Company the Town of Bronson will begin to address and where possible implement the following changes.

In response to the finding Segregation of Duties 2009-1:

Separation of certain accounting and administrative duties among employees although recommended and desirable still remains a deficiency due to the limited number of employees, but as discussed below we have tried to have receipts and expenditures flow through department heads, council and administration, for approval to the full extent possible.

Daily operations and cash receipts and expenditures have not changed from how they were stated in previous audits. Due to the small number of staff it is very difficult to separate all accounting and administrative duties completely, but feel these changes address the concerns of the auditors so that mistakes are caught and dealt with in a timely manner. All employees and elected officials have been instructed to pay close attention and not compromise the internal control structure.

Prior Year Findings and Recommendations:

In response to Fixed Asset Inventory ML 2009-1:

The Town did begin the process of an annual physical inventory of tangible property during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, but due to the large number of items and complexity of the report had not completely finalized the process to be submitted to the auditor. We hope to finalize and become completely compliant in FY 2013.

In response to Written Policies ML 2009-3:

The Town is well aware of the lack of formal written documentation in regards to policies and procedures covering areas such as: purchasing, utility billing and collection, travel and capital assets, inventory control and vehicles assigned to employees. We felt addressing and updating our Personnel Manual was more of a priority and will address these issues in the near future and complete them as timely as possible.

Water and Sewer Fund ML 2009-4:

Under the current rate structure the proprietary fund has been operating at a loss for several years. At the direction of the Town Council staff has aggressively pursued federal appropriation monies and state grant monies for sewer expansion. We were successful in securing a \$2.8 million dollar grant/loan for sewer expansion through our commercial business district with USDA/Rural Development. As a requirement of the grant, rates will have to show the ability for repayment. As with any rate increase it has met its fair share of opposition, and currently as of this writing the Bronson Town Council is in the final stages of adopting a new conservative tiered rate structure that will be implemented in the early Spring of 2013.

Software for Water and Sewer Billings ML 2012-1:

Staff is in full agreement that the software the town is utilizing for its utility billing is inadequate and does not provide the type of reporting that is required. We will begin to seek out a more appropriate software that will provide the desired reporting and internal controls.

In conclusion we appreciate the recommendations made by our auditors Purvis Gray and Company. We will address all findings with a clear explanation or solution and make appropriate changes as timely as possible. It is this offices goal to stay completely compliant with all state agencies. We are committed to working as efficiently as possible to further improve the quality of life to our citizens and the community.

Franklin Schuler, Mayor

Town of Bronson

Kelli Brettel, Town Clerk

Town of Bronson